

Hybrid Arrays Are Dead

Pure Storage® FlashArray//C signals the end of hybrid storage.



What's wrong with hybrid arrays?

Hybrid arrays rely on expensive persistent memory to

Higher Cost

overcome the slower performance of off-the-shelf QLC storage.



Hybrid arrays use a varied mixed of storage media

Slower Performance

types resulting in inconsistent array performance.



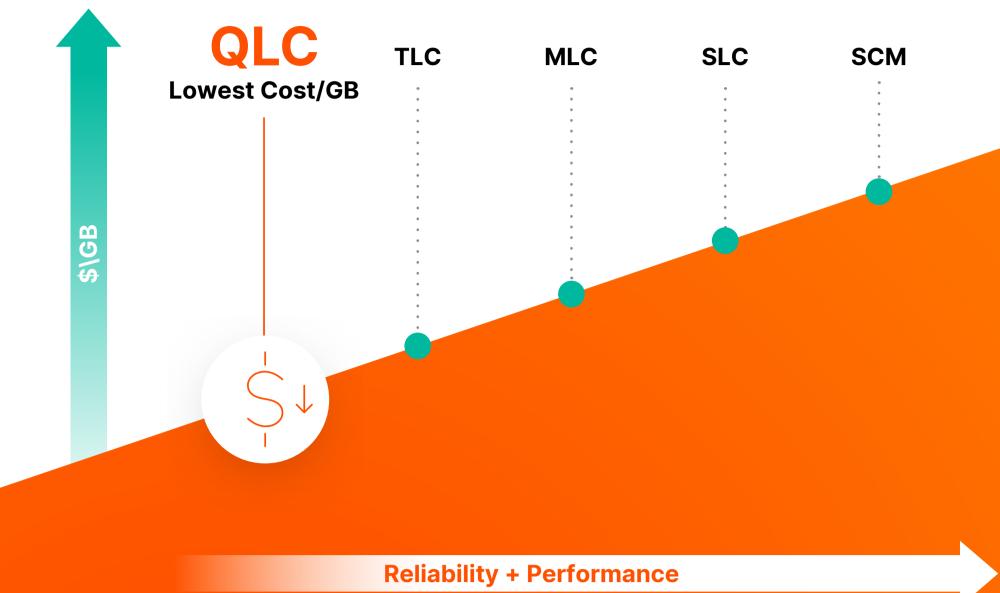
Hybrid arrays differ from vendor to vendor, handling workload demands

Inconsistent Features

differently depending on the degree of feature set completeness included or what can be purchased separately.

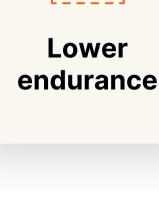


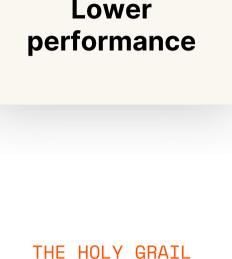
A new generation of flash is shaking up SSD economics.

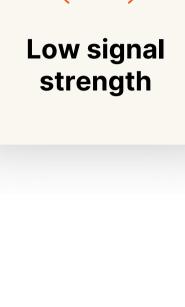


But standard QLC has

technical challenges.





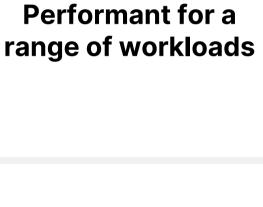


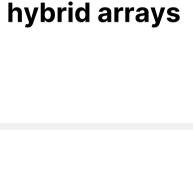
QLC economics without sacrificing performance and endurance?

What if there was a way to get







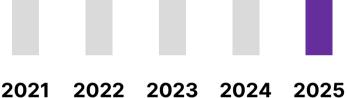


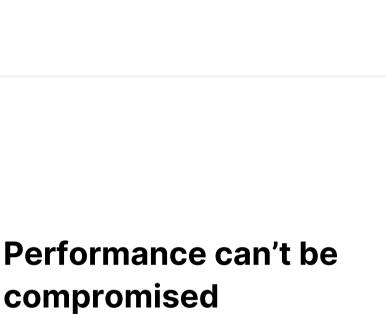
Lower cost than

QLC is the future QLC adoption will accelerate to more than

Future state of

storage arrays.¹

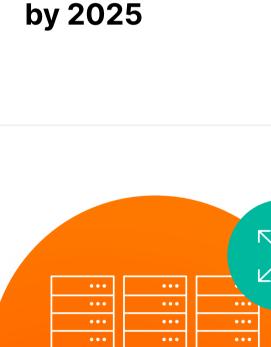




NVMe, NVMe-oF, and SCM account

to tackle performant workloads.

for a vast majority of storage deployed



50%

Workload Consolidation

All capacity-oriented

workloads

Data protection is crucial to business continuity Global DRaaS and hybrid-cloud solutions account for increasing share of backup, DR, and cybersecurity solutions.

Data Protection

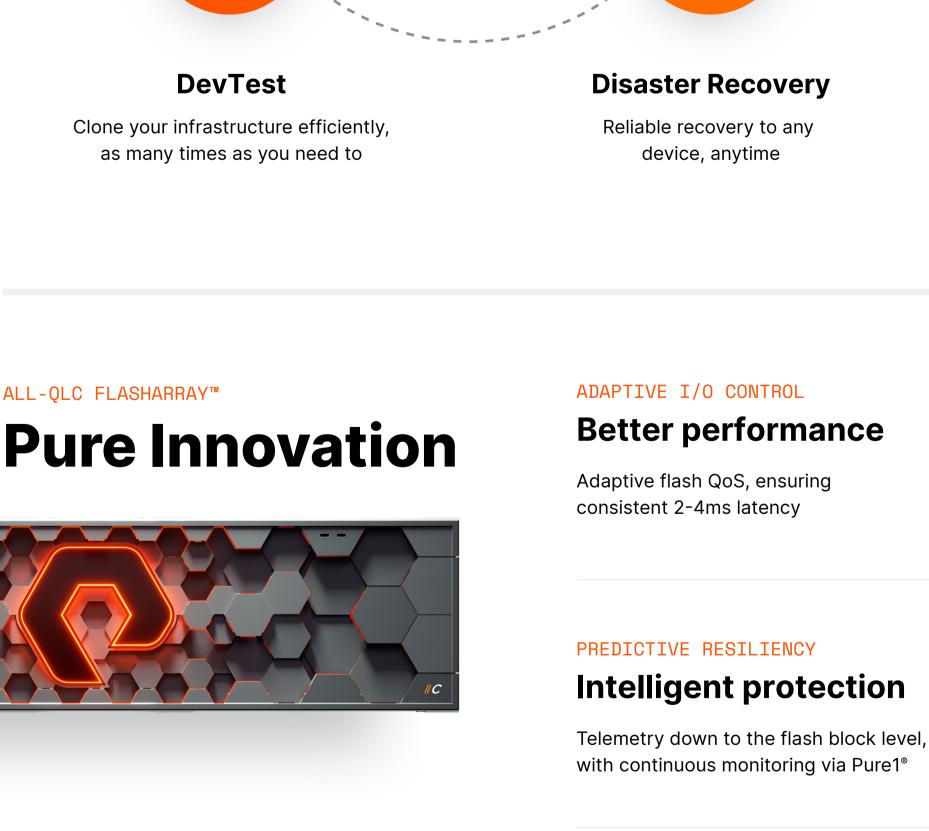
Enterprise RPO/RTO

and data integrity

Operational workloads need

both capacity and performance,

but not at a premium.



SMART ENDURANCE

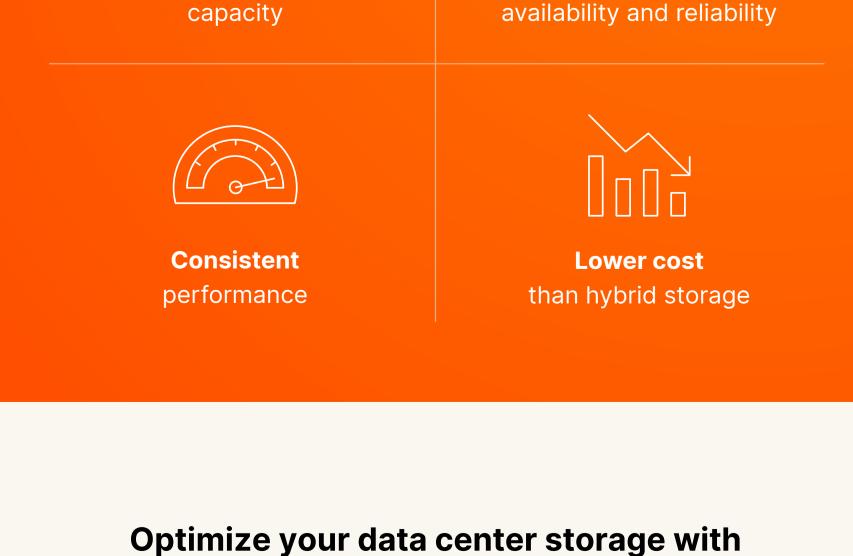
Maximize drive lifetime

Enterprise-grade

Enterprise grade

FlashArray//C makes hybrid arrays obsolete.

Right-sized



Pure's new QLC-based FlashArray//C.

Learn more at purestorage.com



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subject to customer's auditor review.

¹ Gartner 2020 Strategic Roadmap for Storage, July 1, 2020